



ORIGINAL WEAR PARTS | IMPACT CRUSHER

# MAIN WEAR PARTS FOR THE MOBIREX MR 110(i) / 130(i) EVO2

# 01 Conveyor belts

- > Conveyor belts
- > Conveyor belt rollers
- > Scraper
- > Drive-/return drum
- > Rubber seal

#### 02 Post screen

- > Screen media
- > Rubber profiles
- > Wear plates screen box
- > Tension clamp
- > Clamping screws
- > Guide rail

## 03 Power unit

> V-belts

KLEEMANN Original Parts

> Filter (oil, hydraulic, air, diesel)

# 04 Drive unit

- > Drive unit parts
- > Trackpads
- > Drive unit rollers

# 05 Impact crusher

- > Blow bars
- > Impact plates
- > Wear plates
- > Impact bar
- > Impact toggle
- > Rubber and chain curtain
- > Inlet chute
- > Pressure plate
- > Rotor

# 6 Pre-screen

- > Slotted grate
- > Perforated plate
- > Screen media
- > Blind cover
- > Wear plates side walls prescreen
- > Compression spring

## 07 Feed unit

- > Wear plates hopper
- > Wear plates feeder
- > Compression spring
- > Return chute/oversize chute



ORIGINAL WEAR PARTS | IMPACT CRUSHER

# **CRUSHING TECHNOLOGY**

The right wear parts for the best results.

1 Rubber curtain

Chain curtain

03 Impact toggle

Wear plates

(see page 32)

05 Rotor

Impact plates

7 Blow bars

08 Impact bar



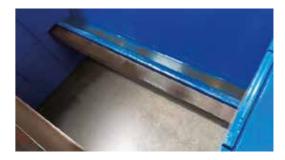
# Impact toggles

KLEEMANN only uses manganese high carbon steel for the impact toggles with excellent strain hardening for high wear resistance. The impact toggles ensure long service lives thanks to the thick-walled wear layer and perfect crushing results – thanks to their geometry.



#### Impact bars

Original KLEEMANN impact bars are made of extremely wearresistant material. The precise design of the plug connector guarantees quick changes during assembly.



#### Impact plates

The thick-walled impact plates made of KLEEMANN Resistant Steel protect the lower impact toggle against premature wear. Different qualities are available:



OVERVIEW OF IMPACT PLATES						
Impact plate	Design	Properties	Application			
Impactplate.Mn	Manganese	> high impact resistance > low risk of fracture	Recommended for > large feed size > high share of uncrushable material  Inefficient with medium to high abrasiveness			
Impactplate.M	Martensite	<ul> <li>&gt; high impact resistance</li> <li>&gt; low risk of fracture</li> <li>&gt; 1.5 times longer service life than Impact.Mn</li> <li>&gt; good price-performance ratio</li> </ul>	Recommended for > recycling rubble and concrete > natural stone with larger feed size  Inefficient with high abrasiveness			
Impactplate.MC	Martensite- ceramic	> high wear resistance through ceramic inlays	Recommended for  > recycling of rubble and concrete with a small to medium share of iron and asphalt  > natural stone with an abrasiveness of up to 600 g/t  Inefficient with large feed sizes			
Impactplate.C	Chromium	> 3 to 4 times longer service life compared to Impactplate.Mn > high level of wear resistance	Recommended for  > secondary crushing stage with very abrasive natural stone or river gravel  > crushing of asphalt with small feed size (< 400 mm with crushability < 30%)  Inefficient in rubble recycling with a medium to high share of iron			

# **TARGETED TO SUCCESS**

For perfect crushing results.

An optimum crushing result is always achieved by means of the ideally matched components of the overall plant and the settings made by the operator.

With these tips, it is possible to find the ideal settings for any

#### **Feed material**

- > Feed size: Wherever possible, the maximum feed size should not exceed 80% of the specified crusher opening
- > Compressive strength: Mineral materials can be used with a maximum compressive strength of 100 MPa in the first crushing stage, 150 MPa in the second crushing stage
- > Mineral type: Impact crushers from the SHB series process soft to medium-hard natural stone, such as limestone, dolomite or sandstone, and are used for recycling mineral raw materials such as mixed rubble, bricks, asphalt and concrete.

#### Rotor speed and crushing gap

> When the rotor speed is increased, the crushing curve shifts upwards, which results in an increase in the fines content in the end product.

An increase in speed usually results in a higher throughput. Only if the intake performance deteriorates due to the increased number of strokes will there be a reduction in throughput.

#### **Crushing ratio**

> The maximum crushing ratio (ratio of feed grain size / grain output) largely depends on the physical properties of the feed material. This results in the following standard values:

CRUSHING RATIO STANDARD VALUES					
Feed material	Compressive strength [MPa]	Circuit	Reduction ratio		
Limestone, soft to	<150	open	to 10.1		
medium-hard natural stone	<150	closed	up to 10:1		
Recycling	<100	open	up to 15:1		
(rubble, asphalt, concrete)	<100	closed			
Reinforced concrete (depending on	< 100	open	+= 15.1		
concrete quality and iron content)	< 100	closed	up to 15:1		

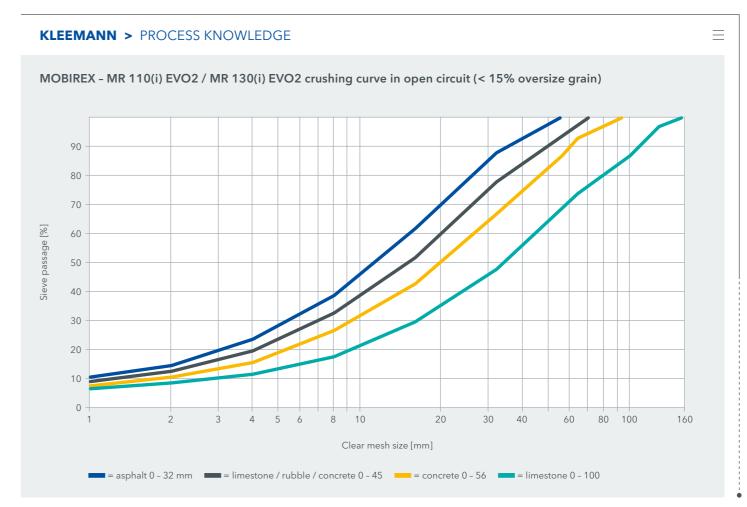
#### Areas of application for impact crushing plants

#### NATURAL STONE -----

Coal / clay / marble / limestone	Sandstone, gritstone / greywacke	Gravel / granite	Basalt	Iron ore / gneiss / quartzite / diabase, gabbro
Asphalt / reinforced demolished concrete	Demolished concrete / mixed rubble		Blast furnace slag	Steel slag







ORIGINAL WEAR PARTS | IMPACT CRUSHER

# **BLOW BARS**

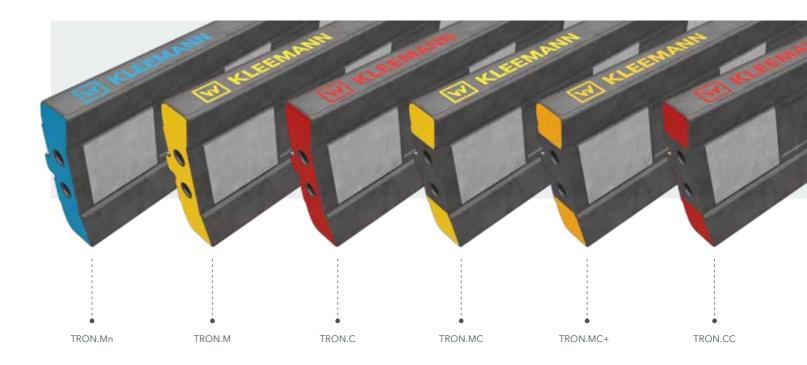
For less wear and optimum results.

The cost-effective use of rotor ledges is influenced by factors such as feed material, rotor speed, moisture content of the material, feed size and reduction ratio. Depending on the area of application and material properties, different rotor ledges are available to achieve the best possible results.

# Important questions for selecting application-specific blow bars

- > What type of material is being crushed?
- > How can the feed size be classified?
- > What is the range of abrasiveness?
- > Does the material contain uncrushable elements?





### Different shapes are available:

There are three different shapes of blow bars for the KLEEMANN impact crusher series: C-Shape, X-Shape, S-Shape. These in turn are available in different materials and designs:

#### **Monolithic blow bars**

- > Manganese TRON.Mn
- > Martensite TRON.M
- > Chrome TRON.C

## Composite blow bars with ceramic inlays

- > Martensite-ceramic TRON.MC, TRON.MC+
- > Chrome-ceramic TRON.CC

RECOMMENDED APPLICATIONS FOR BLOW BARS						
	Low abrasiveness		Medium abrasiveness		High abrasiveness	
Application	Limestone processing	Small share of uncrushable elements	Reinforced concrete	Natural stone	Asphalt	Natural stone
Good	TRON.Mn (max. feed size: 600 mm)	TRON.C (max. feed size: 400 mm)	-	(r	TRON.C nax. feed size: 400 mr	n)
Better	-	TRON.MC (max. feed size: 600 mm)				I.MC+ ize: 600 mm)
Best	-	TRON.MC+  (max. feed size: 600 mm)  TRON.CC  (max. feed size: 300 mm)				

ORIGINAL WEAR PARTS | **JAW CRUSHER** 

# MAIN WEAR PARTS FOR THE MOBICAT MC 110(i) EVO2

# 01 Conveyor belts

- > Conveyor belts
- > Conveyor belt rollers
- > Scraper
- > Drive-/return drum
- > Rubber seal

#### 02 Power unit

- > V-belts
- > Filter (oil, hydraulic, air, diesel)

# 03 Drive unit

- > Drive unit parts
- > Trackpads
- > Drive unit rollers

## 04 Jaw crusher

- > Jaws
- > Side wedges
- > Clamping wedge
- > Cam
- > Deflector plate
- > Thrust Plate

# 05 Pre-screen

- > Slotted grates
- > Perforated plate
- > Screen media
- > Blind cover
- > Wear plates side walls prescreen
- > Compression spring

# 06 Feed unit

- > Wear plates hopper
- > Wear plates feeder
- > Compression spring



# **JAW CRUSHER CRUSHING TECHNOLOGY**

The heart of the machine.



- Optimised crusher geometry with long crusher jaw
- **02** Extensive selection of crusher jaws: Regular Teeth, Sharp Teeth, Flat Teeth, Multitype Teeth, Wavy Teeth
- O3 Side wedges for protecting the crusher housing (see page 33)
- 04 Deflector plate with replaceable wear plates

# **TARGETED TO SUCCESS**

For perfect crushing results.

An optimum crushing result is always achieved by means of the ideally matched components of the overall plant and the settings made by the operator.

With these tips, it is possible to find the ideal settings for any

#### **Feed material**

- > Feed size: Wherever possible, the maximum feed size should not exceed 90% of the specified crusher opening
- > Compressive strength: Mineral materials can be used with a maximum compressive strength of 300 MPa \*
- > Mineral type: All soft to hard natural stones, e.g. dolomite, granite, basalt, diabase, quartzite or gneiss as well as residual construction materials such as rubble, bricks and reinforced concrete

#### **Crushing ratio**

The maximum crushing ratio (ratio of feed grain size / grain output) largely depends on the physical properties of the feed material. This results in the following standard values:

- > 7:1 at < 100 MPa (recycling)
- > 5:1 at < 150 MPa (limestone)
- > 3-4:1 at < 300 MPa (hard stone)

Exceeding the crushing ratio leads to an undesirable decrease of the crushing capacity and to an increase in wear.

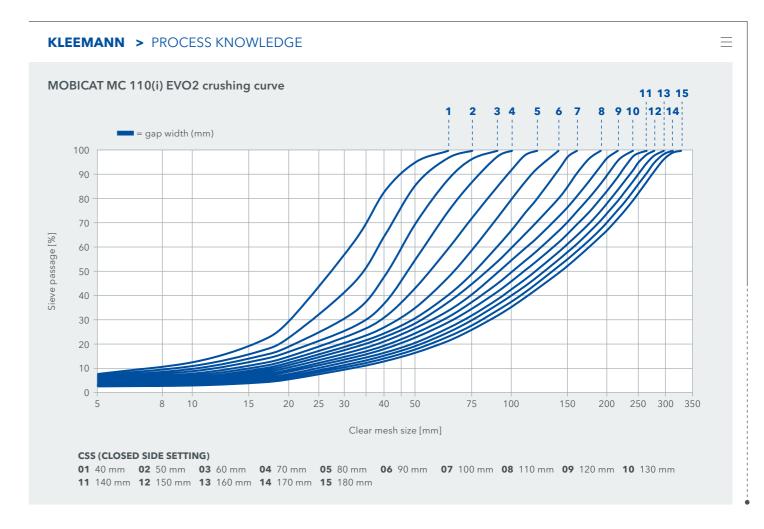
#### Areas of application for jaw crushing plants

## NATURAL STONE ------

Limestone / sandstone, gritstone / greywacke / gravel / granite	Gneiss / marble / quartzite / diabase / gabbro / basalt	Iron ore	Coal	Clay
Demolished concrete / reinforced concrete / rubble	Asphalt	Blast furnace slag		Steel slag

#### RECYCLING -----





<sup>\*</sup> Depending on the material and machine type, higher values are also possible

18 | 19 ORIGINAL WEAR PARTS | JAW CRUSHER

# THE RIGHT CRUSHER JAW

For less wear and optimum results.

KLEEMANN offers a very wide range of parts and accessories. The selection of the correct crusher jaws, in particular, has a strong influence on the result: for example, different crusher jaws have to be used for abrasive rock than for coarse rock.

#### The crushing principle

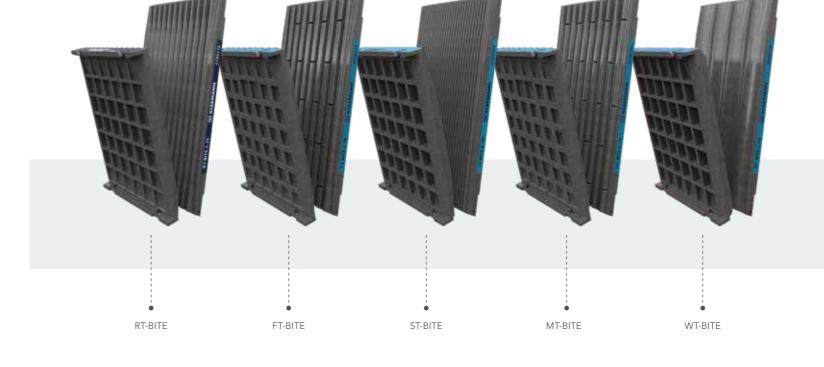
The crushing material is crushed by the jaw crushers in the wedge-shaped pit between the fixed crusher jaw and the crusher jaw articulated on an eccentric shaft. The material is crushed by the elliptic course of movement and transported downwards by gravity. This occurs until the material is smaller than the set crushing gap.

#### Low-wear material

The crusher jaws installed in jaw crushers from KLEEMANN are made from a special manganese casting characterised by excellent durability of the basic body. Through the compressive load, during operation the manganese casting forms a highly wear-resistant surface for long service lives.

In ideal operation, the main wear occurs in the lower half of the crusher jaw. If the teeth are completely worn (smooth crusher jaw), the crusher jaw should be turned over or replaced. The crushing capacity (t/h) is reduced considerably when the crusher jaws are smooth because the material is mainly crushed and no longer broken. The machine requires more power to break, which results in unnecessarily increased operating costs, higher wear and poorer crushing results.

Timely replacement of worn crusher jaws improves the crushing results and also reduces operating costs considerably.



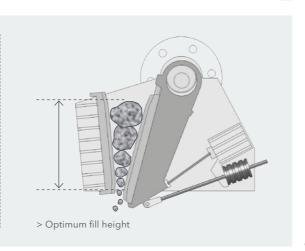
#### **RECOMMENDED USE OF CRUSHER JAWS** Feed material Final product Tooth shape RT-BITE (regular-teeth) > 60 mm • FT-BITE (flat-teeth) > 60 mm ST-BITE (sharp-teeth) < 60 mm MT-BITE (multitype-teeth) > 60 mm WT-BITE (wavy-teeth)

- •• Highly recommended Recommended Not recommended

## **KLEEMANN > PROCESS KNOWLEDGE**

## Optimised results through correct loading:

- > The optimum fill height of the jaw crusher up to the bevelling of the crusher jaws should not be exceeded
- > Continuous overfilling leads to premature wear, reduced service life of bearings and damage to the prescreen
- > Continuous underfilling leads to uneven wear, a poor grain shape and reduced plant performance
- > The maximum feed size of 90% of the feed opening should be observed
- > The CSS should always be correctly set





Crushing tools for jaw crushers



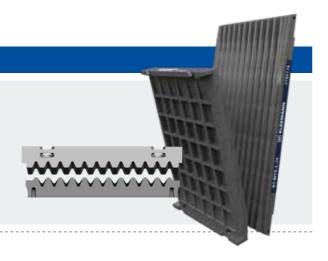


#### **Original crusher jaws**

Depending on the application field and material properties, various crusher jaws are available to achieve optimum results.

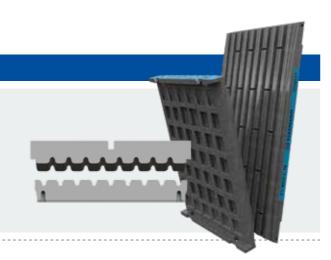
## RT-BITE TOOTH SHAPE - REGULAR-TEETH

- > Suitable for recycling, natural stone and gravel
- > Large spaces between teeth to facilitate the discharge of fine or already crushed material
- > Ideally balanced properties with regard to service life, energy requirements and crushing pressure
- > Reduces flaky shares in the crushed material
- > RT-BITE.20 & RT-BITE.24 for abrasive natural stone



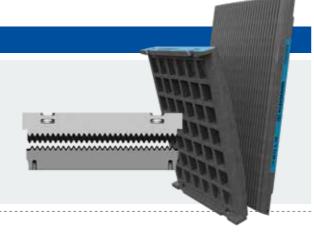
## FT-BITE TOOTH SHAPE - FLAT TEETH

- > Suitable for natural stone
- > Flat teeth work efficiently in abrasive material (higher wear dimensions)
- > Particularly efficient in abrasive material thanks to higher wear dimensions
- > Small clearance for fines (screening required)
- > Higher share of flaky crushed material



# ST-BITE TOOTH SHAPE - SHARP TEETH

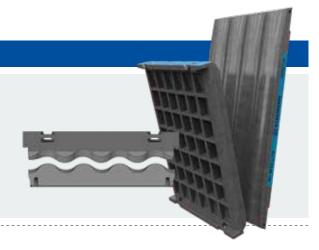
- > Suitable for producing grit
- > Good grip on material thanks to sharp tooth profile
- > Recommended with small gap widths (< 60 mm)





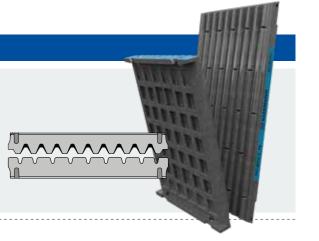
## WT-BITE TOOTH SHAPE - WAVY TEETH (RECYCLING)

- > Caking and clogging reduce the output of the jaw crusher
- > Special corrugated tooth profile for recycling
- > Optimised geometry of the rear walls for improved draw-in angle inside the crushing chamber
- > Reduces or prevents adhesion of sticky material



# MT-BITE TOOTH SHAPE - MULTITYPE TEETH

- > Specially designed for hard stone applications
- > Tooth profile positioned between RT-BITE & FT-BITE
- > Sharp toothing with larger spaces between teeth
- > Reduced crushing forces due to reduced crusher load
- > Lower fuel requirements
- > Improved discharge of fine/crushed material



ORIGINAL WEAR PARTS | CONE CRUSHER

# MAIN WEAR PARTS FOR THE MOBICONE MCO 90(i) EVO2

# 01 Conveyor belts

- > Conveyor belts
- > Conveyor belt rollers
- > Scraper
- > Drive-/return drum
- > Rubber seal

## 02 Post screen

- > Screen media
- > Rubber profiles
- > Wear plates screen box
- > Tension clamp
- > Clamping screws
- > Guide sheet

**Original Parts** 

# 03 Drive unit

- > Drive unit parts
- > Trackpads
- > Drive unit rollers

## 04 Power unit

- > V-belts
- > Filter (oil, hydraulic, air, diesel)

# 05 Cone crusher

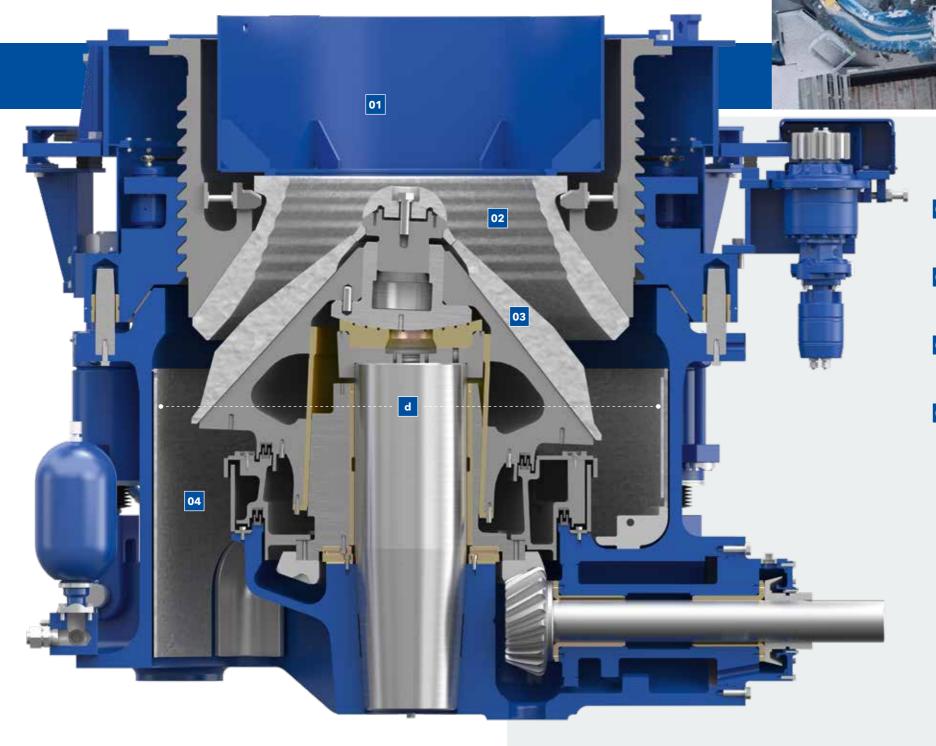
- > Bowl liner
- > Mantle liner
- > Wear parts crusher
- > Service package

# Feed unit

- > Wear plates hopper
- > Return chute/oversize chute
- > Impact beam



# CONE CRUSHER CRUSHING TECHNOLOGY





02 Bowl liner

03 Mantle

Main frame wear protection (see page 33)



# **TARGETED TO SUCCESS**

For perfect crushing results.



Before implementing the project, it is important to understand the application in detail and to make important preparations. The KLEEMANN experts will be happy to support you!

#### **Important basics**

- > What do I want to achieve with my application? Define the objective of the application: output and/or quality
- > What exactly does my application look like? Take material samples and have them examined
- > Which machines are suitable for the application? KLEEMANN will support you with the AggFlow preparation

- > Which tools do I have to use? Info can be found in AggFlow
- > Is my personnel trained for using a cone crusher?

  KLEEMANN will train your personnel during commissioning
- > Have provisions been made for maintenance and spare part supply? Discuss this with your Service contact person

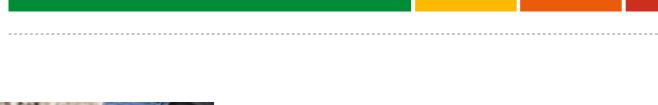
#### Areas of application of cone crushing plants

Limestone / sandstone / greywacke / gravel / granite / gneiss /

marble / quartzite / diabase / gabbro / basalt

Iron ore

Coal







#### With these tips, you'll find the right settings to take on any task.

#### Well filled crushing chamber

> Ensures throughput capacity as a higher crushing effect is generated in the crushing gap

## Centric feeding of the feed material

> Ensures a homogeneous distribution in the crushing chamber

#### **Uniform feeding**

- > Guarantees a stable process
- > Uniform feeding is achieved through the correct choice of crushing tools, crushing gap and correct adjustment of the feed via the CFS

#### **Correct feed size**

> Has a strong influence on the crushing result, wear and the output of the cone crushing plant

#### **Crushing ratio**

> The maximum crushing ratio (ratio of feed grain size / grain output) largely depends on the physical properties of the feed material.

This results in the following standard values:

CRUSHING RATIO					
Specification	Crushing stage	Compressive strength	Circuit	Reduction ratio	
standard head	secondary	<300 MPa	open/closed	4:1	
short head¹	tertiary/quaternary	<300 MPa	open/closed	3.5-4.5:1	
short head²	tertiary/quaternary	<300 MPa	open/closed	2-3:1	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> normal grain shape requirements

#### **KLEEMANN >** GOOD TO KNOW

In order to successfully implement a project with mobile cone crushers, it is important to understand the application and to collect all important information. This questionnaire will help you. Find out more at

www.wirtgen-group.com/fragebogen-kleemann



For further information,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> high grain shape requirements

ORIGINAL WEAR PARTS | CONE CRUSHER

# **CONE CRUSHER CRUSHING TOOLS**

For less wear and optimum results.



Cone crushers are mainly used when impact crushing is no longer possible due to the high compressive strength of the crushed material, or the wear costs due to the abrasiveness of the stone cannot be economically justified.

Due to their design, cone crushers are limited in terms of the feed size and the achievable reduction ratios. The plants are mainly used for recrushing in the secondary and tertiary crushing stages. Different CONE crushing tools are available.

USE OF THE CONE CRUSHER TOOLS					
Application	Marking for identification	Max. F. Size	Closed side setting in mm (CSS)	Cast alloy	Design
	Notch on one side	116 - 131	16 - 32	MnCr 18.2	S-CONE F.18
Secondary crushing stage > For final product > 25 mm		110 - 131	10 - 32	MnCr 20.3	S-CONE F.20
> Reduction ratio *		138 - 157	19 - 38	MnCr 18.2	S-CONE M.18
3.5 to 5:1				MnCr 20.3	S-CONE M.20
> Open circuit > Large feed opening		179 - 199	25 - 45	MnCr 18.2	S-CONE C.18
g				MnCr 20.3	S-CONE C.20
Tertiary / quaternary	Notch on two sides	71 - 80	10 - 19	MnCr 18.2	SH-CONE F.18
crushing stage				MnCr 20.3	SH-CONE F.20
> For final product < 25 mm		99 - 111	10 - 22	MnCr 18.2	SH-CONE M18
> Reduction ratio* 2.5 to 3:1				MnCr 20.3	SH-CONE M.20
> Closed circuit		130 - 142	13 - 25	MnCr 18.2	SH-CONE C.18
> Long calibration zone				MnCr 20.3	SH-CONE C.20

#### **APPLICATION-SPECIFIC WEAR PARTS**

#### **Crusher cone - versions**

- > Standard
- > Short Head

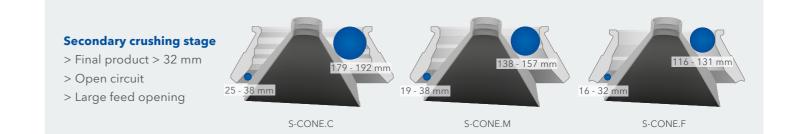
### **Bowl liner - versions**

- > Standard Fine
- > Standard Medium
- > Standard Coarse
- > Short Head Fine
- > Short Head Medium
- > Short Head Coarse

#### It all comes down to the right combination!

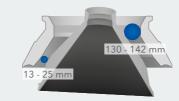
In order to receive a constant high material volume from a cone crusher with high final product quality, mobile cone crushers should be operated in the optimum range.

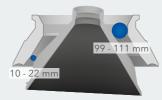
This begins with the selection and composition of the correct tool, which consists of cone and bowl liner.

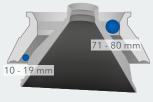


# **Tertiary crushing stage**

- > Final product < 32 mm
- > Closed circuit
- > Long calibration zone







SH-CONE.C

SH-CONE.M

SH-CONE.F



- > S-CONE stands for the Standard version
- > SH-CONE stands for the Short Head version

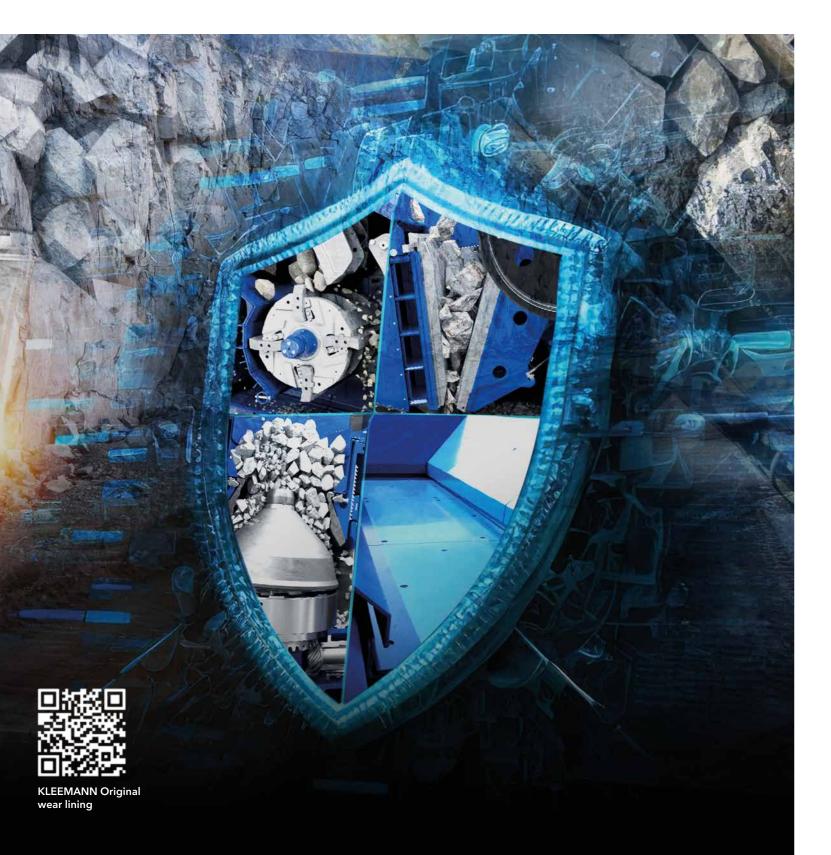


for cone crushers

ORIGINAL WEAR PARTS | WEAR LINING

# **WEAR LINING**

For a longer machine service life and increased cost-effectiveness.



# Optimum protection of a wide range of crushing plant components extends the service life of the machine and increases cost-effectiveness.

Crushing plants are always subject to high forces and often especially high wear - particularly in certain zones or on components that come into heavy contact with the material to be processed. This wear is caused by pressure, impacts and friction. Various wear protection measures serve to protect these components and thereby enable a longer service life

of the equipment. However, they can also have an impact on performance. In crushing plants, the hopper unit and the prescreen as well as the crushing unit are among the components that require special protection. Original KLEEMANN wear liners protect these components, ensure an optimal material flow and promote economic efficiency and sustainability.

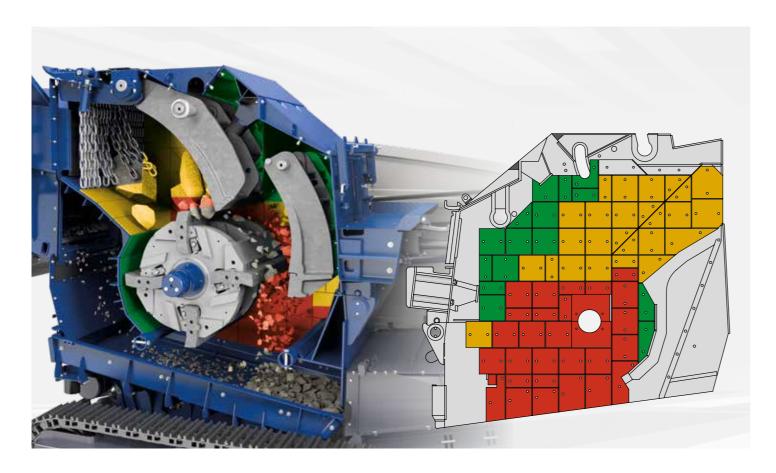
#### Hopper unit and prescreen

On all mobile crushing and screening plants, the hopper unit is the first component that comes into contact with the feed material. This area is particularly exposed to high wear. To protect the hopper, therefore, different wear plates are available which, depending on the plant, are welded or bolted on.

The side walls of plants that have a prescreen (MOBIREX impact crusher, MOBICAT jaw crusher) are protected by wear plates.



ORIGINAL WEAR PARTS | **WEAR LINING** 



#### **Impact crusher**

To protect the crushing unit against damage, the MOBIREX impact crushers' housing is fully lined with highly wear-resistant plates. The crushing chamber can be divided into different wear zones. The area subject to the highest load is in the upper and discharge-side turning circle of the rotor

ledges. The wear plates are designed such that some of them can be replaced with wear plates from zones subject to less load. This considerably increases the overall level of utilization of the wear elements. The wear lining - suitable for the application - is available in three different quality levels.

QUALITIES AND APPLICATION RECOMMENDATION					
Wear plates	Specification	Application			
KRS.40	Hardness: up to 430 HV	<b>KRS.40</b> with high impact resistance are recommended, in particular, for material with very low abrasiveness such as limestone or in the recycling of rubble and concrete.			
KRS.50	Hardness: up to 530 HV	KRS.50 are recommended for stone with medium abrasiveness and recycling.			
KRS.60	Hardness: up to 600 HV	KRS.60 are particularly suitable for materials with very high abrasiveness and with uncrushable elements (e.g. steel) in the feed material.			
KRS.HW	Hardness: approx. 740 HV 10, approx. 62 HR (hardface welded)	KRS.HW are recommended in the event of highly abrasive wear.  To protect the high-quality crusher housing against damage, it is completely panelled with highly wear-resistant plates. The wear and tear can vary considerably within the housing. In order to reduce the replacement times and wear costs, KLEEMANN offers special welded plates. Compared with KLEEMANN standard plates (hardness: 400 HV or 500 HV), these welded plates have a significantly longer service life.			



#### Jaw crusher

The MOBICAT mobile jaw crushers have a fixed and an articulated crusher jaw, whereby the material is crushed by an elliptical movement sequence. Side wedges are installed on the sides of these opposing crusher jaws for protecting the crusher housing. The wedges have two parts; the lower part is subject to higher wear. This wear protection - matching the abrasiveness of the material - is available in three different quality levels (KRS.40, KRS.50, KRS.HW).



# Cone crusher

Cone crushers crush the feed material in a circulating opening and closing crushing gap between bowl liner and crusher cone. To protect the MOBICONE plants' crusher housing, the main frame is equipped with wear protection. A counterweight wear guard and support arm guard are also provided.







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